

#### **Radio Frequency Heating**

Innovating Oil Extraction with Radio Frequency Heating

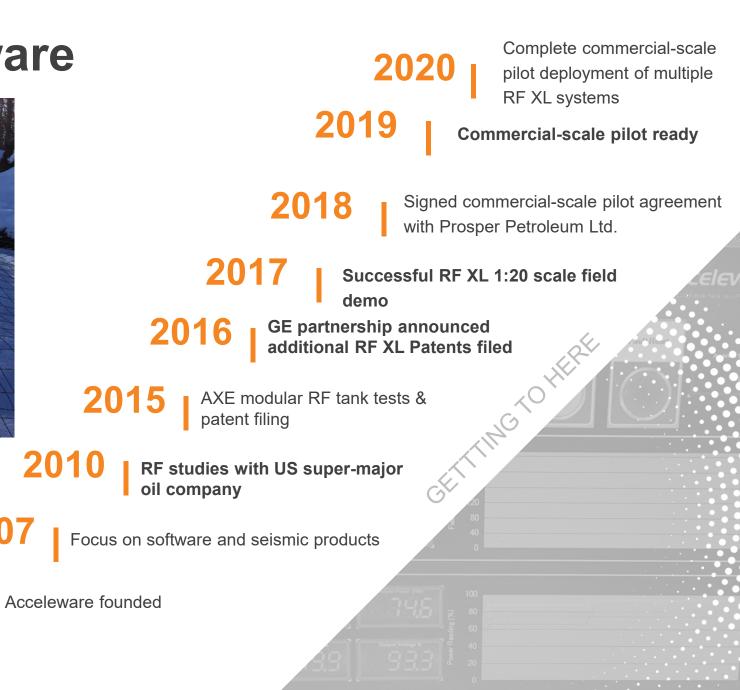
June 18, 2019

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Acceleware: Innovating Heavy Oil and Bitumen Extraction I 3

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### **RF Heating - History**

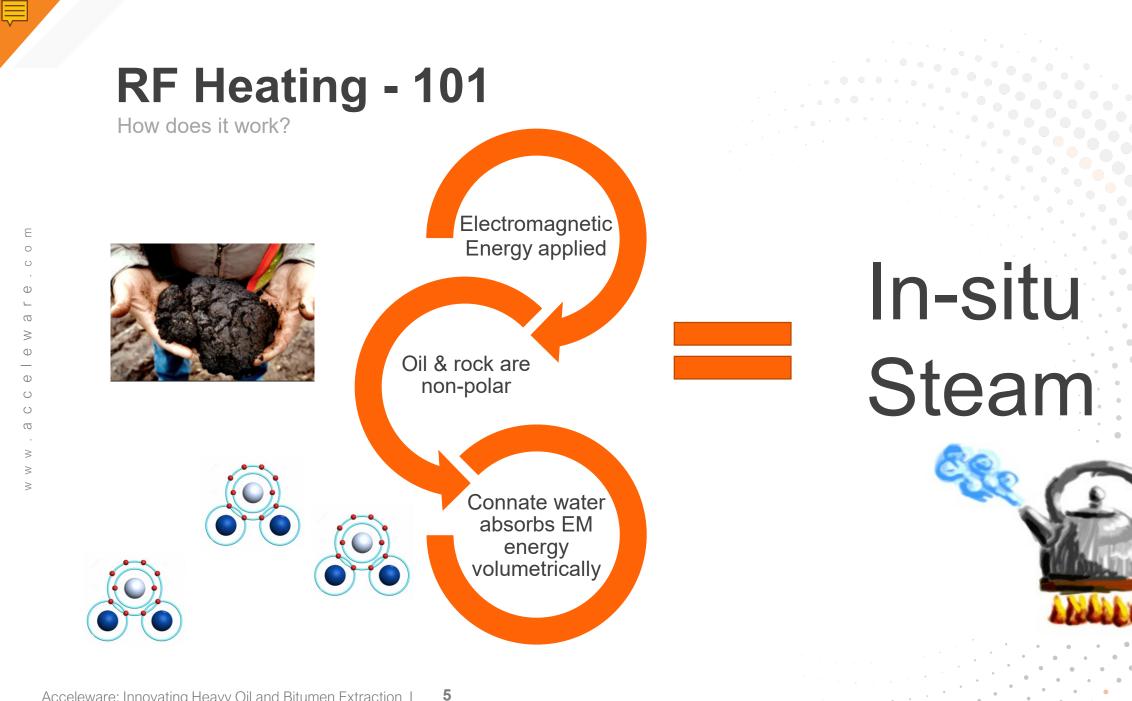
Use of Electromagnetic Energy

- Has been explored as an EOR method since 1948
- Earliest field tests were in Russia in 1969
- Limitations have included:
  - Electrically inefficient
  - ➢ High frequency operation
  - ➢ High cost of generators, power limitations
  - Short horizontal (<500m) or vertical wellbore designs

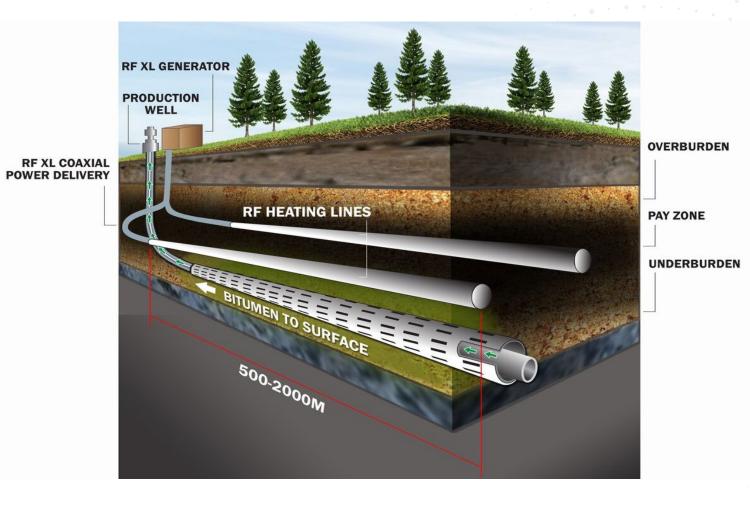




Acceleware observed limitations of current EM technologies



#### **RF XL – How it works**



#### RF XL efficient delivery of energy to reservoir

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## **RF XL - Ideal Reservoir**

- Bitumen or Heavy Oil
- Thickness 10-25 m
- Water Saturation 10-35%
- Permeability > 3 Darcie
- Porosity > 25%
- Possible applications in carbonate reservoirs
- Testing ability to desiccate and crack thin shale layers

Photo of McMurray Oilsands ref.(http://calindragoie.blogspot.com/2013/11/drilling-and-completion-technological-and-completion-



## **RF Heating vs. SAGD**

RF XL Comparison

#### Similarities

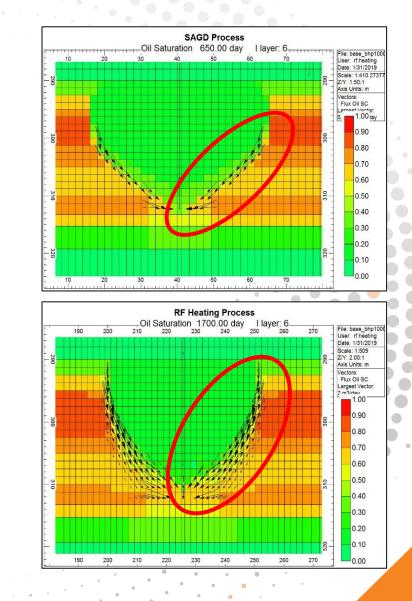
- 1000m Hz section & well design
- Use of steam & gravity drainage methods

#### Differences

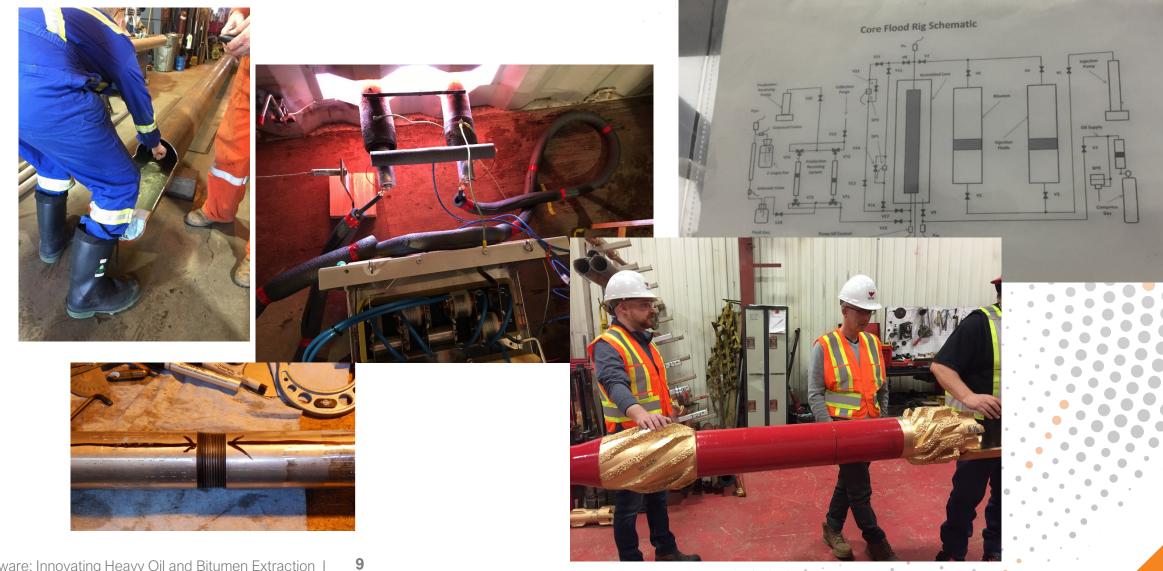
- SAGD heating occurs primarily at interface
- RF process heating occurs at interface and beyond
- Reduced losses & no superheating of steam = lower energy intensity

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• SOR < 2.0 vs industry average of 2.5-3.5



## **RF XL - Testing and De-risking**

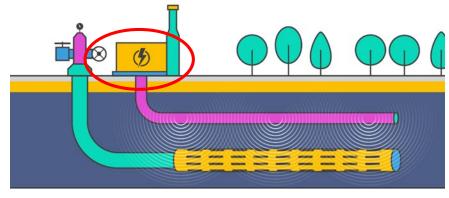


### **RF XL - GE Converter Development**

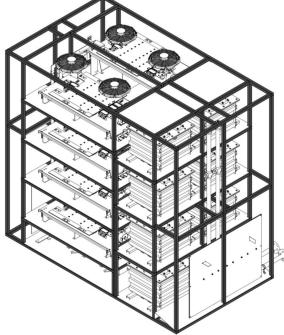
High-Power, High-Efficiency, Long-life power platform

#### Key advantage to RF XL

- Proprietary design & IP
- GE SiC transistors and power converter
  platform
- 2 MW maximum power per unit
- Stackable modular design







## **RF XL – Benefits vs. Current Recovery**

- Lower CAPEX no steam generation or associated pipeline infrastructure
- Lower OPEX lower chemical processing requirements

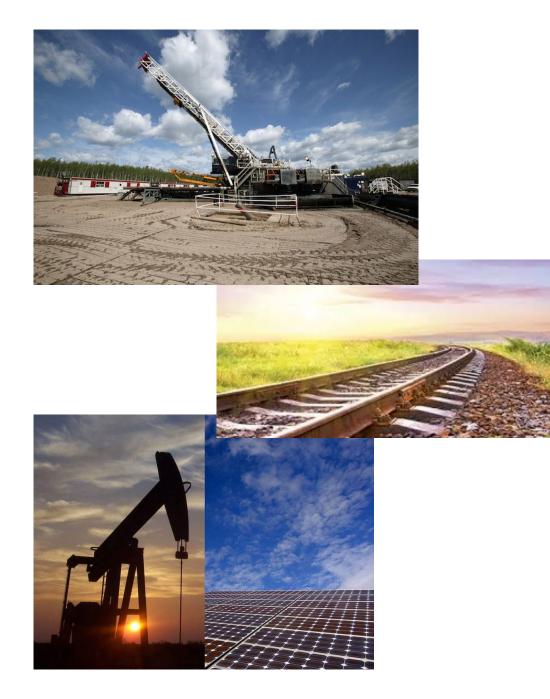
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- Lower GHG's (25% 100%) <sup>1</sup>
- No external water source
- No solvent required



### **Next Steps**

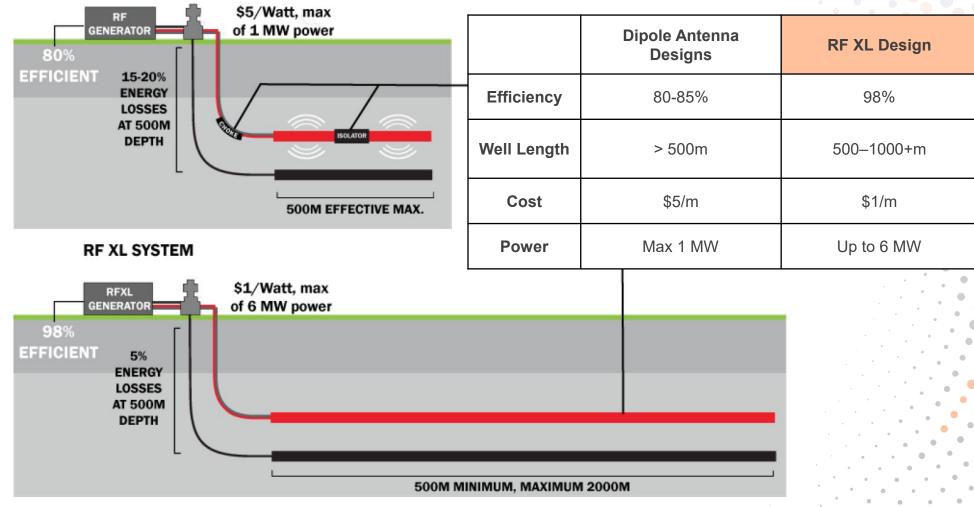
- Execution of RF XL pilot
- Commercialization of RF XL
- Apply RF to improve bitumen by rail
- Apply photo voltaic solar or other renewable sources in heavy oil application
- Zero GHG heavy oil production



### **Antenna Designs**

#### DIPOLE-BASED RF SYSTEM

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# **RF XL - Project Progress**

- Prosper Petroleum agreement signed for test site
- AER application submitted
- GE Global Research RF converter development
- Scovan Engineering Surface Facilities design completed
- Drilling & Completion design in final stages
- Internal simulations and de-risking tests ongoing

